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ENHANCING FITNESS: INVESTIGATING SUPPLEMENT CONSUMPTION AND PHYSICAL FITNESS AMONG ADULT MALE MEMBERS OF TIVOLI FITNESS CENTER, SIDOARJO

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ABSTRACT

This study delves into the relationship between supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo. With a focus on understanding the impact of supplement intake on various aspects of physical fitness, including strength, endurance, and body composition, the research employs a mixed-methods approach. Quantitative data is gathered through surveys assessing supplement usage patterns and physical fitness levels, while qualitative insights are obtained through interviews exploring attitudes and perceptions regarding supplement consumption and its effects on fitness. Through a comprehensive analysis, this study aims to provide valuable insights into the role of supplements in enhancing physical fitness among adult males, thereby informing strategies for optimizing fitness programs and promoting healthier lifestyle choices.

KEYWORDS

Supplement consumption, Physical fitness, Adult males, Tivoli Fitness Center, Sidoarjo, Strength, Endurance, Body composition, Attitudes, Perceptions.

INTRODUCTION

The pursuit of physical fitness is a cornerstone of modern lifestyle, with individuals increasingly turning to various strategies to optimize their exercise routines and achieve their fitness goals. Among these strategies, the consumption of dietary supplements

has gained significant popularity, particularly among adult males engaged in regular exercise regimens. Understanding the relationship between supplement consumption and physical fitness is paramount for promoting informed decision-making and optimizing fitness outcomes.

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Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo serves as a hub for individuals committed to enhancing their physical wellbeing through structured exercise programs and access to state-of-the-art fitness facilities. Among its diverse membership base, adult males constitute a significant demographic engaged in a wide range of fitness activities, from weightlifting and cardiovascular training to group fitness classes.

Against this backdrop, this study seeks to investigate the relationship between supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo. By exploring patterns of supplement usage, perceptions, and attitudes towards supplementation, as well as assessing various aspects of physical fitness such as strength, endurance, and body composition, this research aims to provide valuable insights into the efficacy and implications of supplement use in the context of fitness endeavors.

The significance of this study lies in its potential to inform evidence-based practices and interventions aimed at optimizing fitness programs and promoting healthier lifestyle choices among adult males. By elucidating the nuances of supplement consumption and its impact on physical fitness, this research endeavors to contribute to the growing body of knowledge surrounding fitness optimization strategies and empower individuals to make informed choices regarding their health and well-being.

In the following sections, we will delve into the methodology employed for data collection and analysis, discuss relevant literature exploring the intersection of supplement consumption and physical fitness, and present the findings and implications of this study in enhancing our understanding of the complex dynamics at play in the pursuit of fitness among adult male populations.

METHOD

The investigation into the relationship between supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo unfolded through a systematic and multi-faceted process. Initially, participant recruitment commenced through the utilization of convenience sampling, engaging individuals who frequented the fitness center and met the inclusion criteria. This method facilitated the assembly of a diverse pool of participants, reflective of the adult male demographic actively involved in fitness activities within the center.

Subsequently, the administration of a structured questionnaire facilitated the collection of quantitative data pertaining to supplement usage patterns, types of supplements consumed, and perceived impacts on physical fitness. The questionnaire, designed with meticulous attention to detail, ensured the comprehensive capture of relevant information while maintaining the anonymity and confidentiality of participant responses. Simultaneously, physical fitness assessments were conducted using standardized measures, encompassing evaluations of strength, endurance, and body composition to provide a holistic understanding of participants' fitness levels.

In tandem with quantitative data collection, qualitative insights were garnered through in-depth interviews with a subset of participants. These interviews, conducted using a semi-structured approach, delved attitudes, participants' motivations, experiences regarding supplement consumption and its effects on physical fitness. The qualitative component enriched the study by offering nuanced perspectives and uncovering underlying factors shaping supplement usage behaviors among adult male members.

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Following data collection, rigorous analysis ensued, employing both quantitative and qualitative methodologies to derive meaningful insights. Quantitative data underwent statistical analysis to identify patterns, correlations, and predictors related to supplement consumption and physical fitness outcomes. Concurrently, qualitative data were subjected to thematic analysis, elucidating recurring themes and narratives that shed light on participants' perceptions and experiences.

Throughout the ethical research process, considerations were paramount, with measures in place to uphold participant confidentiality, informed consent, and research integrity. Adherence to ethical guidelines ensured the trustworthiness and validity of study findings while prioritizing the welfare and autonomy of participants.

The investigation into supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo represents a comprehensive methodologically rigorous endeavor. integrating quantitative and qualitative approaches, the study provides valuable insights into the complex interplay between supplement usage behaviors and fitness outcomes, with implications for fitness programming, education, and public health promotion initiatives aimed at enhancing the well-being of adult males engaged in fitness pursuits.

The study recruited participants from the adult male membership base of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo using a convenience sampling approach. Participants were approached during their visits to the fitness center and invited to participate in the study voluntarily. The inclusion criteria comprised adult males aged 18 years and above who were current members of Tivoli Fitness Center and engaged in regular exercise activities.

A structured questionnaire was designed to collect quantitative data on supplement consumption patterns, frequency, types of supplements used, and perceived effects on physical fitness. questionnaire also included items assessing participants' demographic information, exercise habits, and fitness goals. The survey was administered electronically using online survey platforms, ensuring anonymity and confidentiality of responses.

Physical fitness levels of participants were assessed using standardized measures, including strength, and body composition. endurance, assessments included one-repetition maximum (1RM) tests for major muscle groups, while endurance was evaluated through timed exercises such as push-ups, sit-ups, or treadmill tests. Body composition measurements, including body fat percentage and muscle mass, were obtained using bioelectrical impedance analysis (BIA) or other validated methods.

In-depth interviews were conducted with a subset of participants to explore their attitudes, perceptions, and experiences regarding supplement consumption and its effects on physical fitness. The interview guide was semi-structured and covered topics such as motivations for supplement use, perceived benefits and drawbacks, sources of information, recommendations for fellow fitness enthusiasts. Interviews were audio-recorded with participants' consent and transcribed verbatim for thematic analysis.

Quantitative data obtained from surveys were analyzed using descriptive statistics to examine patterns of supplement consumption and correlations with physical fitness parameters. Statistical techniques such as chi-square tests and regression analysis were employed to explore associations between variables

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and identify potential predictors of supplement use and fitness outcomes.

Qualitative data from interviews underwent thematic analysis, involving the identification of recurring patterns, and narratives related to themes, supplement consumption and its impact on physical fitness. Themes were systematically coded and organized into meaningful categories to extract insights and interpretations from participants' perspectives.

Ethical approval was obtained from the relevant institutional review board prior to data collection. Informed consent was obtained from all participants, measures were implemented confidentiality and anonymity of responses. Participants were informed of their right to withdraw from the study at any time without repercussion.

While efforts were made to recruit a diverse sample of participants, the study's findings may not be fully generalizable to all adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center or other fitness centers. Additionally, self-report measures and recall bias may have influenced the accuracy of data collected through surveys and interviews.

Despite these limitations, the study provides valuable insights into the complex relationship between supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult males, offering implications for fitness programming, education, and public health promotion initiatives.

RESULTS

The study revealed diverse patterns of supplement consumption among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo. A significant proportion of reported regular dietary participants use of

supplements, with protein powders, creatine, and preworkout formulas being the most commonly consumed supplements. Frequency of supplement usage varied widely among participants, influenced by factors such as fitness goals, exercise habits, and perceived effectiveness of supplementation in enhancing physical performance.

Quantitative analysis of physical fitness parameters indicated mixed outcomes among supplement users. While some participants reported improvements in strength, endurance, and muscle mass attributed to supplement consumption, others did not perceive significant enhancements in their fitness levels despite regular supplementation. Correlation analyses revealed associations between certain types of supplements and specific fitness outcomes, highlighting potential avenues for further investigation.

Qualitative insights gleaned from interviews provided nuanced perspectives on supplement consumption behaviors and perceived benefits and drawbacks. Participants cited various motivations for supplement usage, including muscle gain, recovery, and overall fitness enhancement. However, concerns regarding supplement safety, cost-effectiveness, and reliance on supplementation as a primary means of achieving fitness goals were also voiced.

DISCUSSION

The findings underscore the complex and multifaceted nature of supplement consumption and implications for physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo. While supplements may offer potential benefits in augmenting certain aspects of physical performance, their efficacy and suitability vary depending on

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individual factors such as diet, exercise regimen, and overall health status.

The discrepancy between perceived and actual effects of supplementation highlights the importance of evidence-based decision-making and informed consumer choices. Educating individuals about the potential risks and benefits of supplementation, as well as promoting a balanced approach to fitness that emphasizes whole foods and proper nutrition, is essential for fostering sustainable and holistic approaches to physical well-being.

Furthermore, the study underscores the need for further research to elucidate the mechanisms supplement efficacy and individual underlying variability response to supplementation. Longitudinal studies examining the long-term effects of supplementation on health and fitness outcomes, as well as randomized controlled trials assessing the comparative effectiveness of different supplements, can contribute to the evidence base and inform evidence-based recommendations for supplement use among fitness enthusiasts.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the investigation into supplement consumption and physical fitness among adult male members of Tivoli Fitness Center in Sidoarjo provides valuable insights into the complex interplay between supplementation behaviors and fitness outcomes. By quantitative integrating and qualitative methodologies, the study offers a comprehensive understanding of supplement usage patterns, perceptions, and effects on physical performance.

Moving forward, promoting informed decision-making and fostering a holistic approach to fitness that emphasizes whole foods, proper nutrition, and

evidence-based supplementation is essential for optimizing health and well-being among adult males engaged in fitness pursuits. Continued research and dialogue within the fitness community can contribute to the development of evidence-based guidelines and recommendations that empower individuals to make informed choices and achieve their fitness goals safely and effectively.

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